# Migraine prevention in the real world: Exploring the role of anti-CGRP antibodies



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# Recognizing the burden of migraine in daily life

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Can you outline some of the challenges people living with migraine face in daily life?



## **Burden of migraine**



57% of patients experience >8 days of migraine per month\*†

Migraine days<sup>1</sup>



Sense of isolation and exclusion from society

Stigma<sup>1,3</sup>



Impact on relationships, family life and family planning decisions

Relationships and family<sup>1,2</sup>



Work productivity is an important quality of life need\*

Work life<sup>1</sup>



Impact on self-reported overall health

Overall health<sup>2</sup>



52% report treatment costs impact finances<sup>‡</sup>

Finances<sup>1</sup>



<sup>\*</sup>Data from the European Migraine & Headache Alliance and KPMG "Access To Care III" survey of migraine patients from 41 different countries. 58% of the responses correspond to EU5 countries (Spain, Italy, France, Germany and UK); \*survey results from 2,831 respondents; \*survey results from 2,326 respondents.

<sup>1.</sup> European Migraine & Headache Alliance. 2021. Available at: <a href="https://www.emhalliance.org/wp-content/uploads/ATC-EMHA-Dossier.pdf">www.emhalliance.org/wp-content/uploads/ATC-EMHA-Dossier.pdf</a> (accessed 22 May 2023);

<sup>2.</sup> Buse DC, et al. Headache. 2019;59:1286-99; 3. Seng EK, et al. Headache. 2022;62:1354-64.

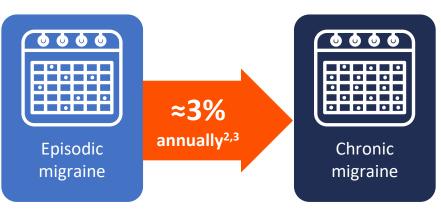
What about the longer term - does migraine get worse over time?



# Migraine progression

Inadequate treatment of episodic migraine increases the risk of developing chronic migraine<sup>1</sup>

#### **Progression of migraine**



- ≥15 headache days/month for >3 months³
- Fulfilment of ICHD-3 criteria on ≥8 days/month<sup>3</sup>

# Comorbidities associated with chronic migraine



Respiratory diseases<sup>2</sup>



Chronic neck and back pain<sup>3</sup>



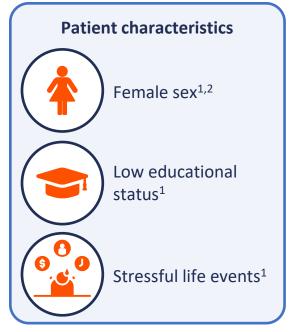
Cardiovascular diseases<sup>2</sup>



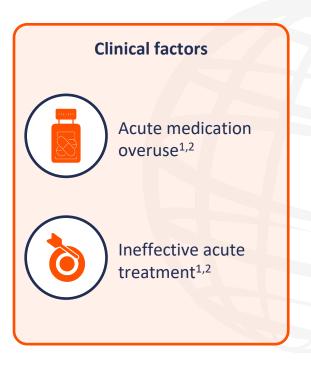
Anxiety and depression<sup>3</sup>



# Risk factors for migraine progression









How important is timely and accurate diagnosis as the first step toward effective treatment, and what factors can support this?



# **Diagnosis of migraine**

# Suspicious signs and symptoms

- Recurrent headache of moderate to severe intensity
- Visual aura
- Family history of migraine
- Onset of symptoms at or around puberty

#### **Patient centricity**

- Provide appropriate reassurance
- Agree on realistic objectives
- Identify predisposing and/or trigger factors
- Follow strategy to individualize therapy according to symptoms and needs
- Awareness campaigns by patient associations, e.g. EMHA



From patients' perspectives, what impact do you think anti-CGRP antibodies have had in terms of providing options for preventative treatment of migraine?



# **European patient perspective on anti-CGRP antibodies**



#### **Awareness**

62% of patients know about anti-CGRPs1\*†



#### **Barriers to access**

Not mentioned by doctors: 26%1\*\*

Not covered by health system: 25%1\*\*



#### **Clinical response**

54% to 63% throughout first 6 months<sup>2§</sup>



#### Satisfaction

**77%** of patients report improvement or satisfaction<sup>3</sup>

\*Data from the European Migraine & Headache Alliance and KPMG "Access To Care III" survey of migraine patients in 41 countries. 58% of responses were from EU5 countries (Spain, Italy, France, Germany and UK); †based on 1,672 respondents; †based on 1,119 respondents; <sup>§</sup>data from observational study of patients receiving monthly migraine treatment with galcanezumab (n=49), fremanezumab (n=19) and erenumab (n=84). Responders defined as those with 50–100% headache day reduction vs baseline.

1.European Migraine & Headache Alliance. 2021. Available at: www.emhalliance.org/wp-content/uploads/ATC-EMHA-Dossier.pdf (accessed 22 May 2023);

2. Schiano di Cola F, et al. Eur J Neurol. 2023;30:1764-73;

3. European Migraine & Headache Alliance. 2021. Available at: <a href="https://www.emhalliance.org/project/access-to-care-survey-2021">www.emhalliance.org/project/access-to-care-survey-2021</a>/ (accessed 2 June 2023).

